

Safety of Journalists Country Report

Venezuela

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Venezuela's ranking in the overall safety index is very low, highlighting the profound structural challenges journalists face in the country. The markedly low rankings in digital safety, financial safety, and psychological safety point to a precarious professional reality. Academic research consistently shows that the Venezuelan media environment is shaped by political polarization, economic instability, and systematic mechanisms of censorship and informational control. Within this context, journalists operate in highly vulnerable conditions, under constant monitoring and with limited resources—particularly in the digital sphere. The disparity between physical safety and other dimensions underscores the presence of indirect yet critical threats that significantly impact journalistic work. These include labour precarity, legal harassment, self-censorship, and emotional exhaustion. The centralization of media power by the State, the erosion of democratic institutions, and the lack of effective legal protections heighten professional uncertainty and risk. From a comparative academic perspective, Venezuela stands out as one of the most challenging environments for the free, autonomous, and safe practice of journalism globally.

Safety Index Scores

Overall Safety Score

67.37

Safety Dimensions

Physical Safety

72.43

Psychological Safety

63.7

Digital Safety

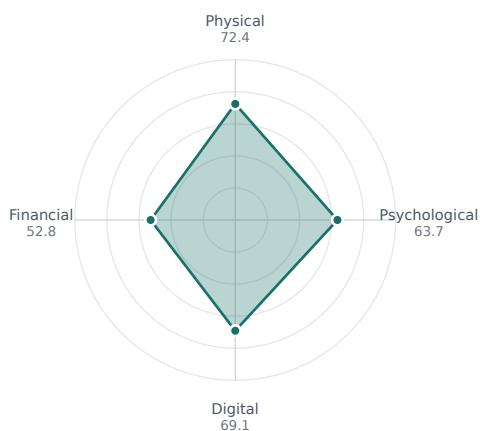
Financial Safety

69.1**52.75**

Overview

The Safety of Journalists Index provides a comprehensive measurement of journalist safety across four dimensions. The charts below show how Venezuela performs across each dimension and highlight any gender-based disparities.

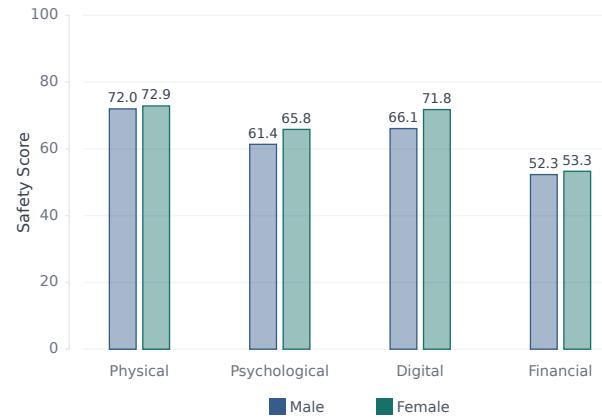
Safety Dimensions Overview



Safety Dimensions

This radar chart displays how the country performs across all four safety dimensions, revealing areas of strength and concern.

Gender Safety Gap by Dimension



Gender Safety Gap

This comparison highlights differences in safety experiences between male and female journalists, revealing potential gender-based disparities.

Physical Safety

The physical dimension carries **50% weight in the safety index**.

2

Journalist Killings

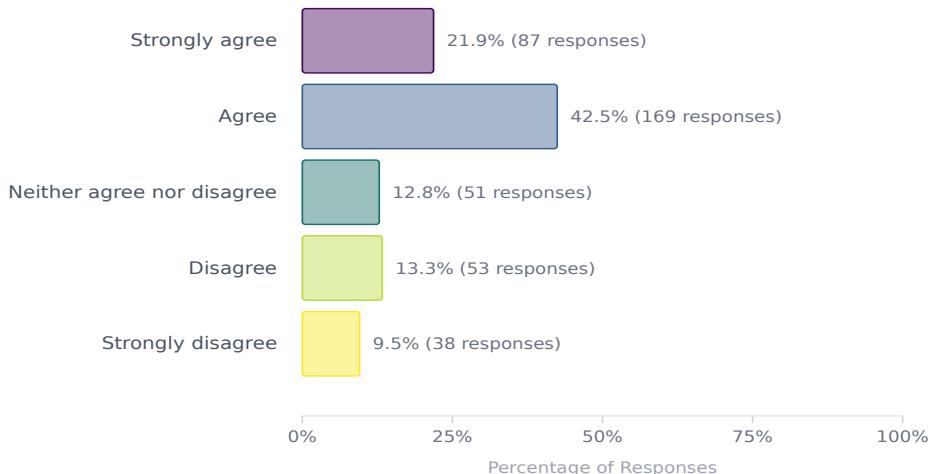
2016-2024

This figure represents the total number of journalist killings in Venezuela between 2016 and 2024.

Note: This indicator carries 35% of the weight within the physical dimension of the Safety Index, making it the most significant factor in this category.

Data sourced from UNESCO Observatory of Killed Journalists.

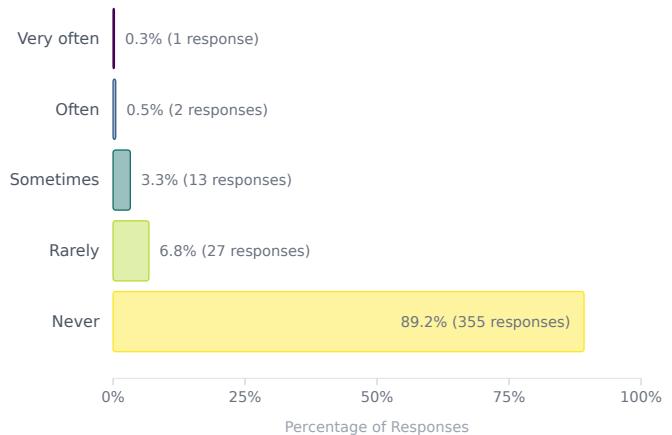
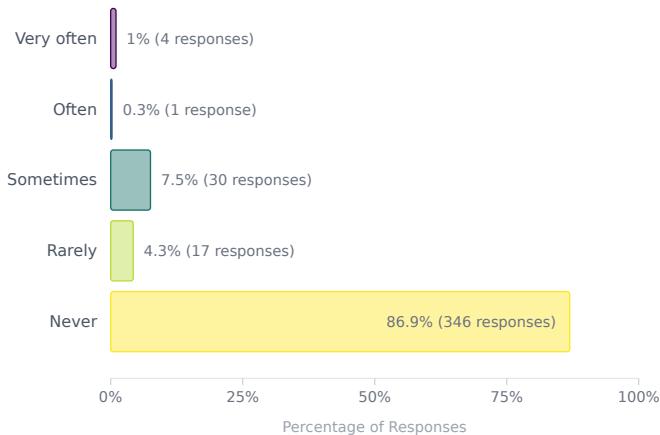
Responses to: "I am concerned about my physical wellbeing" (20% weight in physical dimension)



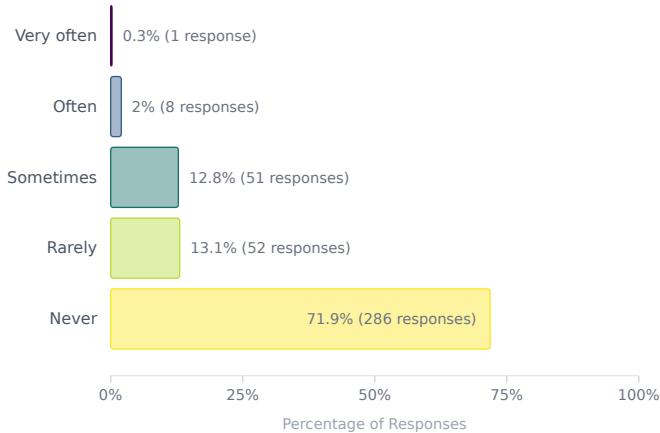
Responses to: "In the last five years, how often have you experienced any of the following actions related to your work as a journalist?"

Arrests, detentions or imprisonment (15% weight in physical dimension)

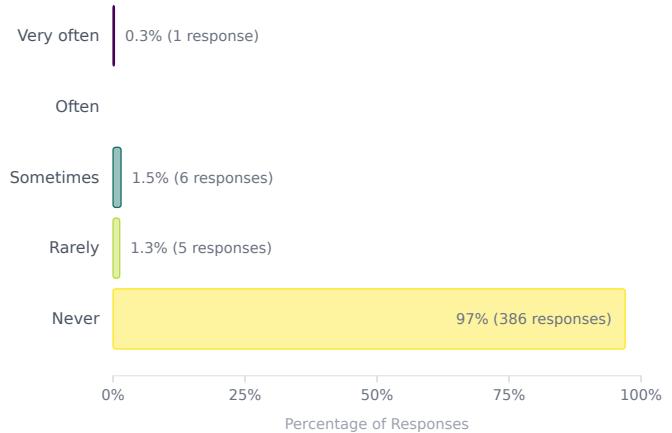
Sexual assault or sexual harassment (15% weight in physical dimension)



Other physical attacks (15% weight in physical dimension)

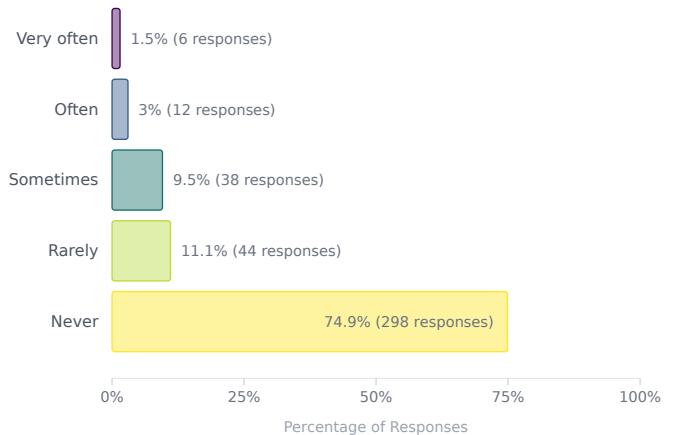
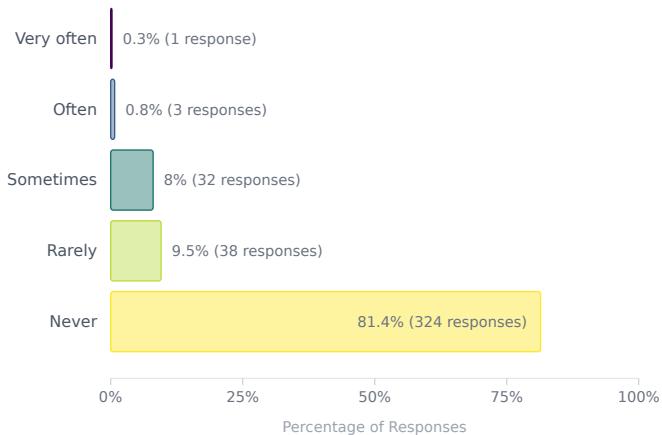


Abductions (did not contribute to calculation)



Office raids or seizures or damage of equipment (did not contribute to calculation)

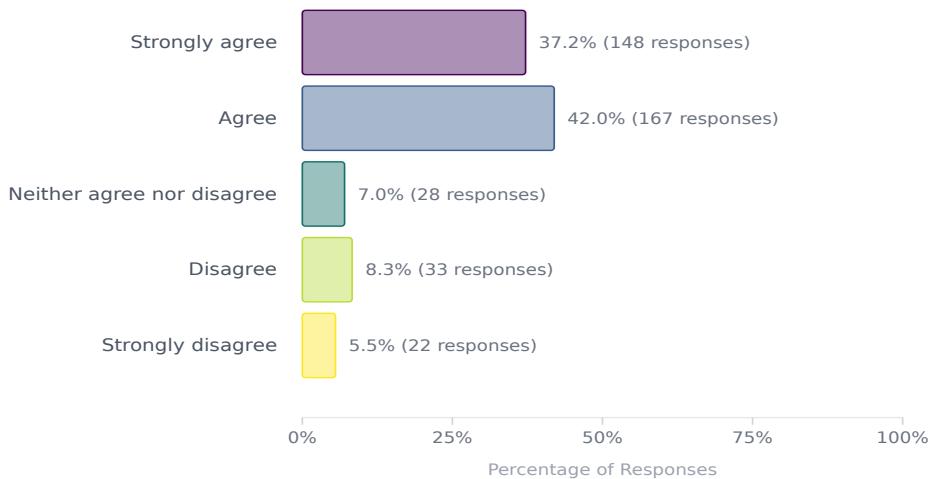
Being required to work in an environment where COVID-19 had easily spread (did not contribute to calculation)



Psychological Safety

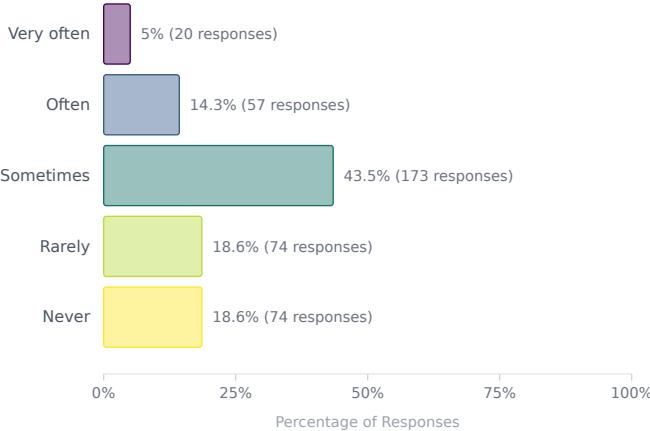
The psychological dimension carries **25% weight in the safety index**.

Responses to: "I am concerned about my emotional wellbeing" (20% weight in psychological dimension)

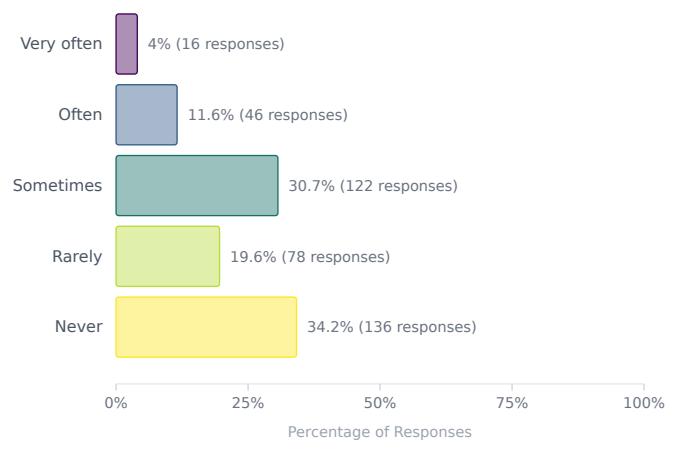


Responses to: "In the last five years, how often have you experienced any of the following actions related to your work as a journalist?"

Demeaning or hateful speech directed at you (16% weight in psychological dimension)



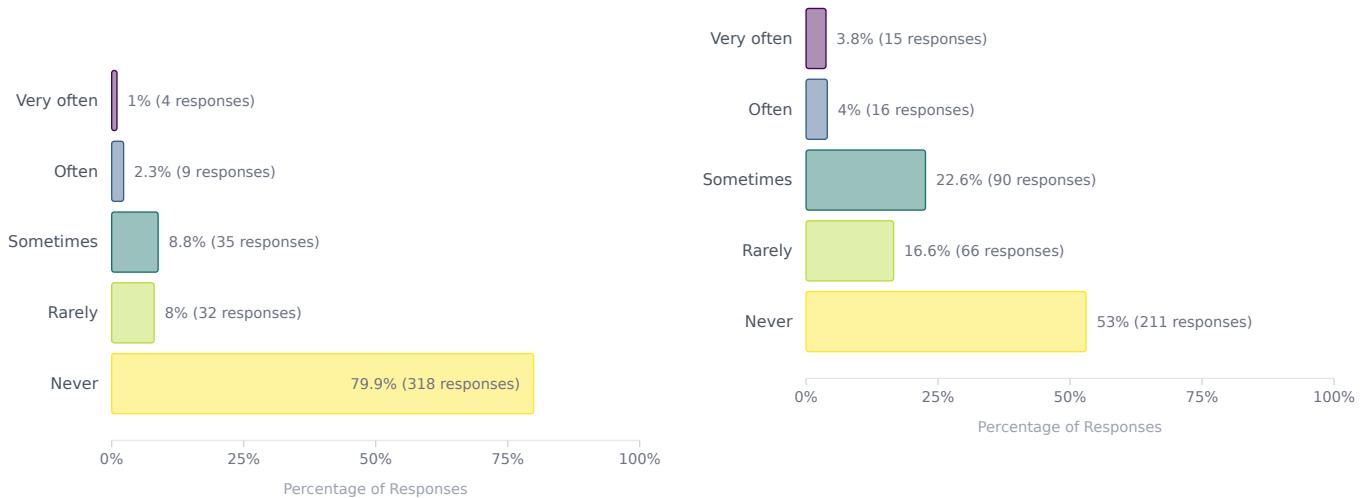
Public discrediting of your work (16% weight in psychological dimension)



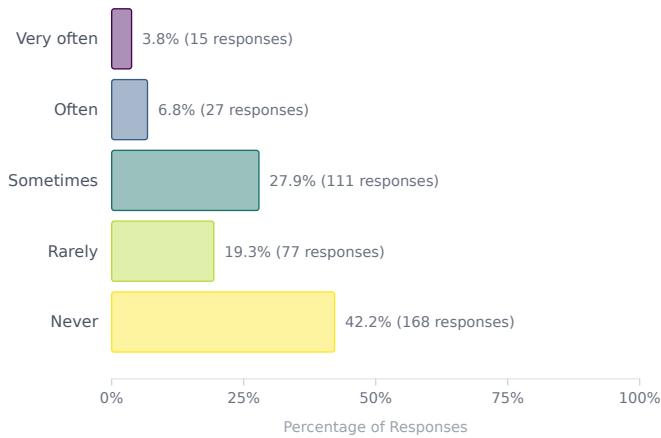
Legal actions against you because of your work (16% weight in psychological dimension)

Stalking (16% weight in psychological dimension)

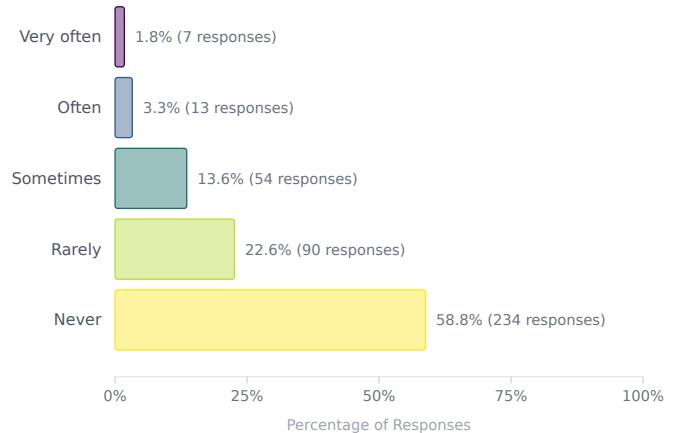
dimension)



Other threats or intimidation directed at you (16% weight in psychological dimension)

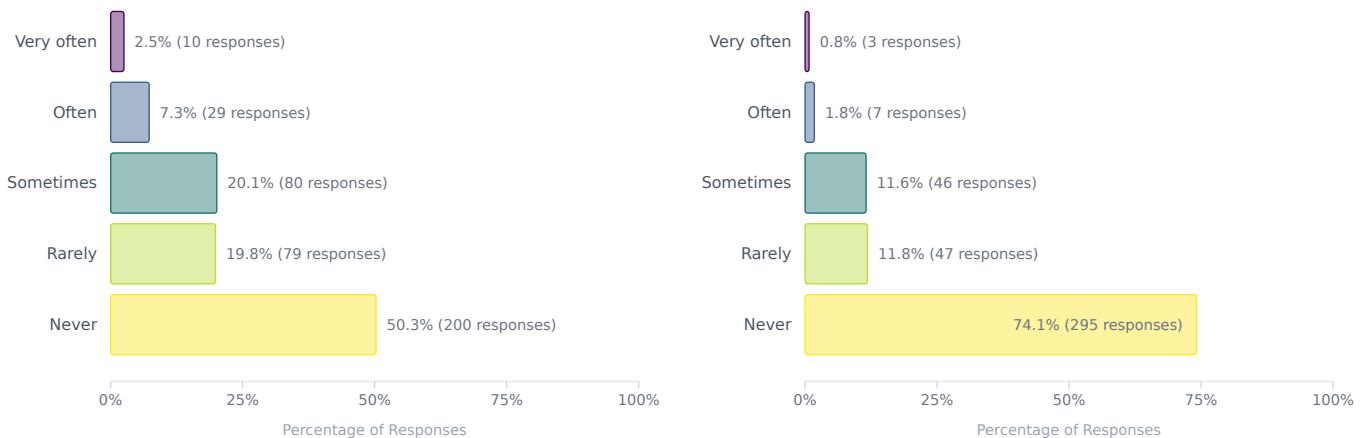


Coercion (did not contribute to calculation)

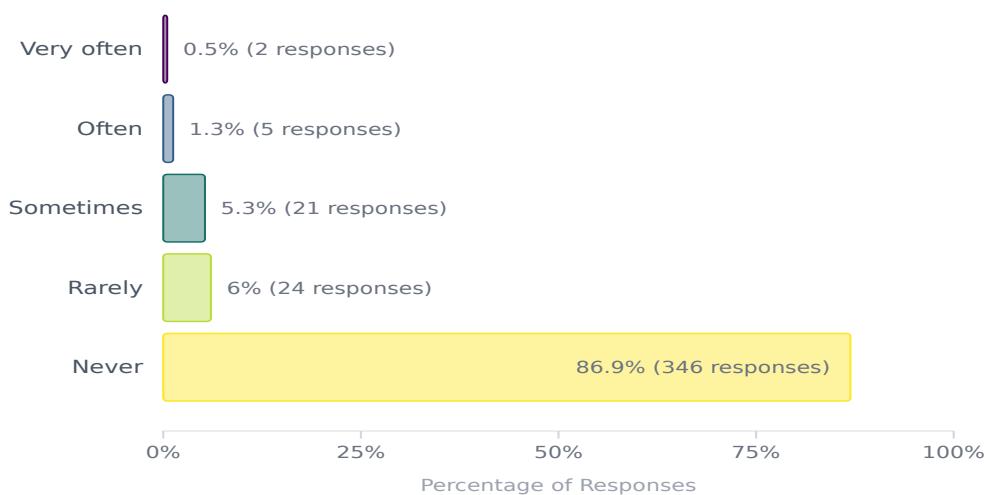


Questioning of your personal morality (did not contribute to calculation)

Workplace bullying (did not contribute to calculation)



Intimidation that targets your family or close associates (did not contribute to calculation)

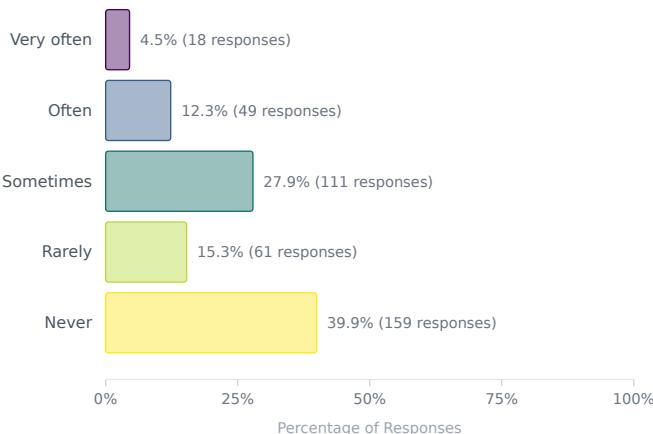


Digital Safety

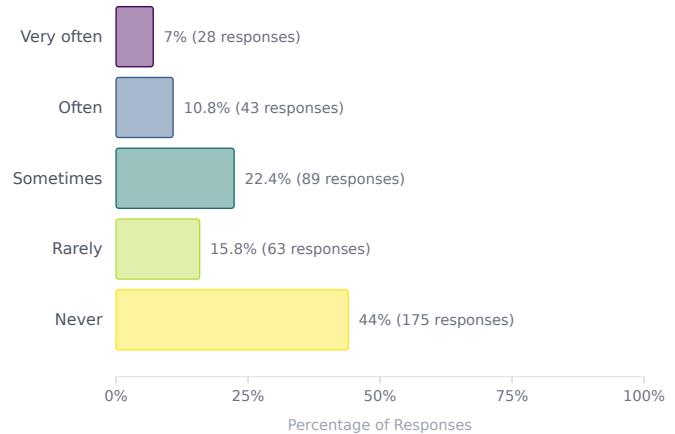
The digital dimension carries **12.5% weight in the safety index**.

Responses to: "In the last five years, how often have you experienced any of the following actions related to your work as a journalist?"

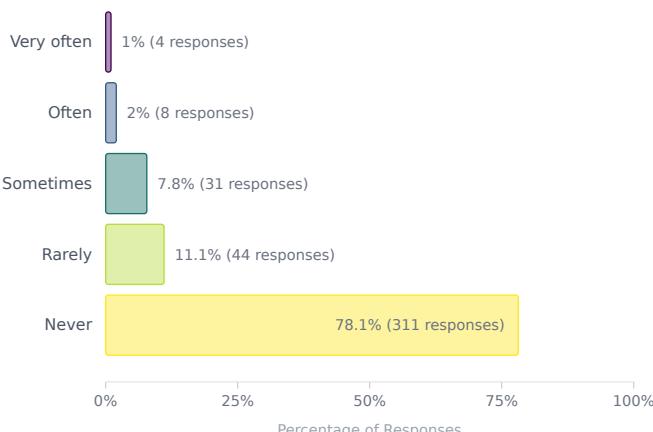
Surveillance (50% weight in digital dimension)



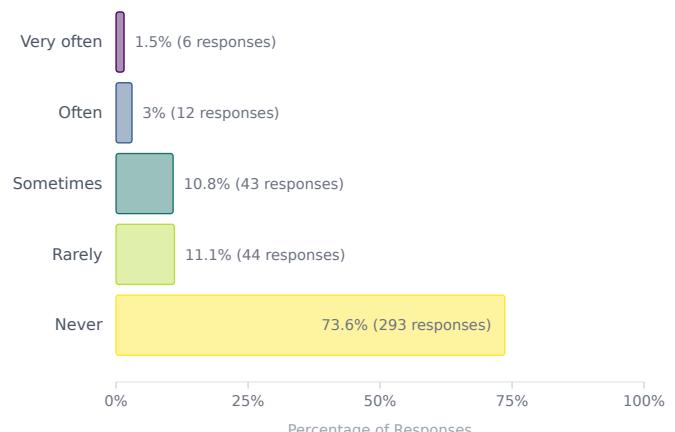
Hacking or blocking of social media accounts or websites (50% weight in digital dimension)



Others using your byline for fabricated or manipulated stories (did not contribute to calculation)



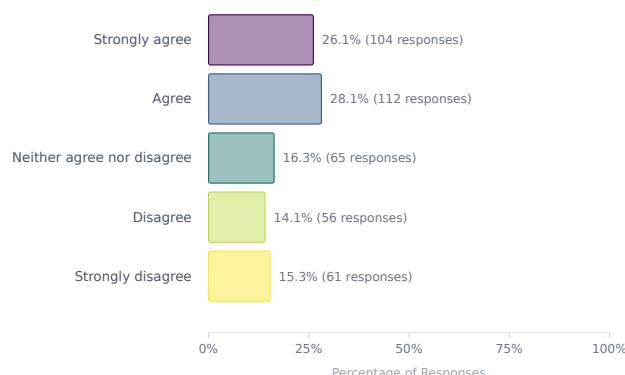
Others disseminating your personal information (did not contribute to calculation)



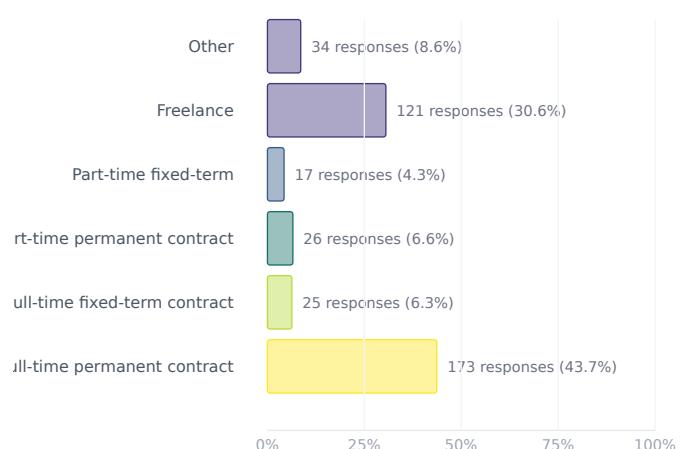
Financial Safety

The financial dimension carries **12.5% weight in the safety index**.

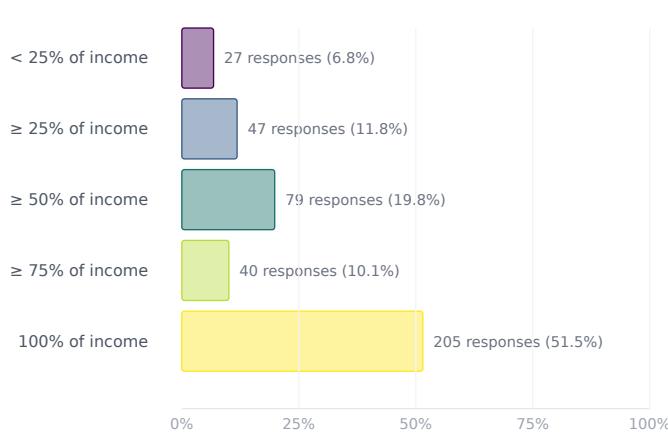
Responses to: "I am worried about losing my job in journalism within the next 12 months" (20% weight in financial dimension)



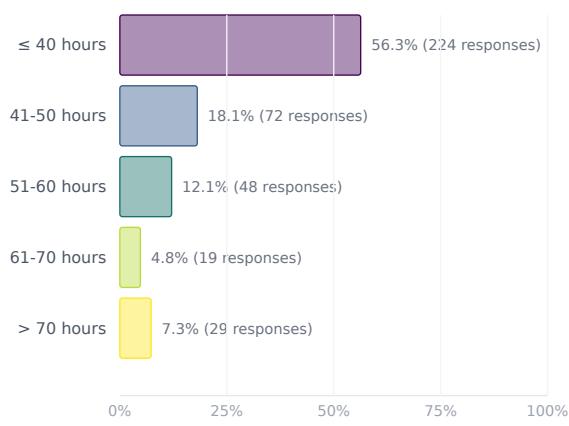
Responses to: "Which of the following categories best describes your current working situation as a journalist?" (20% weight in financial dimension)



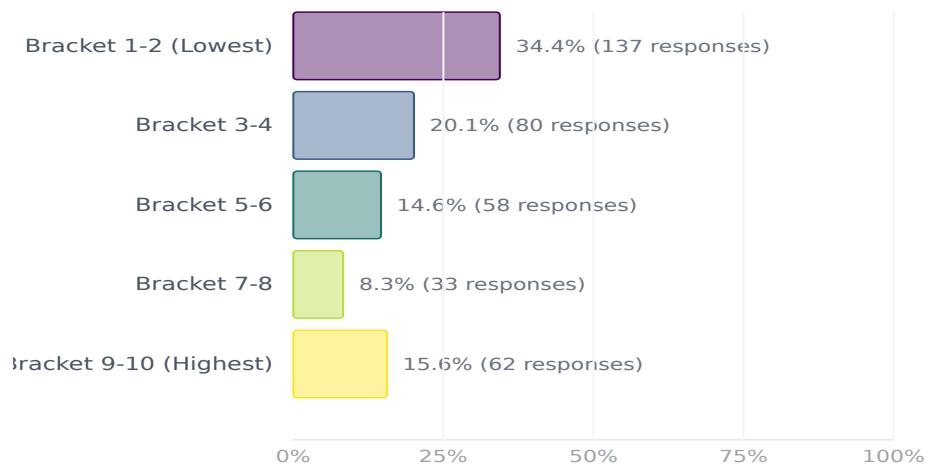
Responses to "Approximately what percentage of your overall work-related income comes from your work as a journalist?" (20% weight in financial dimension)



Responses to: "How many hours a week on average do you work as a journalist?" (20% weight in financial dimension)



Responses to: "In which of the following categories does your salary as a journalist fall?" (20% weight in financial dimension)



Options are given on a 10-point scale specific to each country.

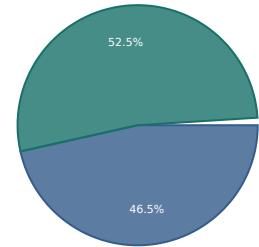
Demographics

This section contains demographic information about survey respondents from Venezuela.

Gender Breakdown of Respondents

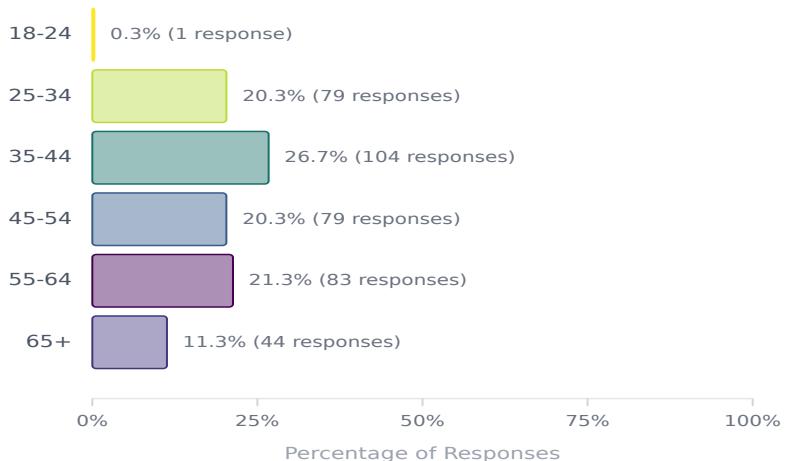
Survey Participation

398
Total respondents

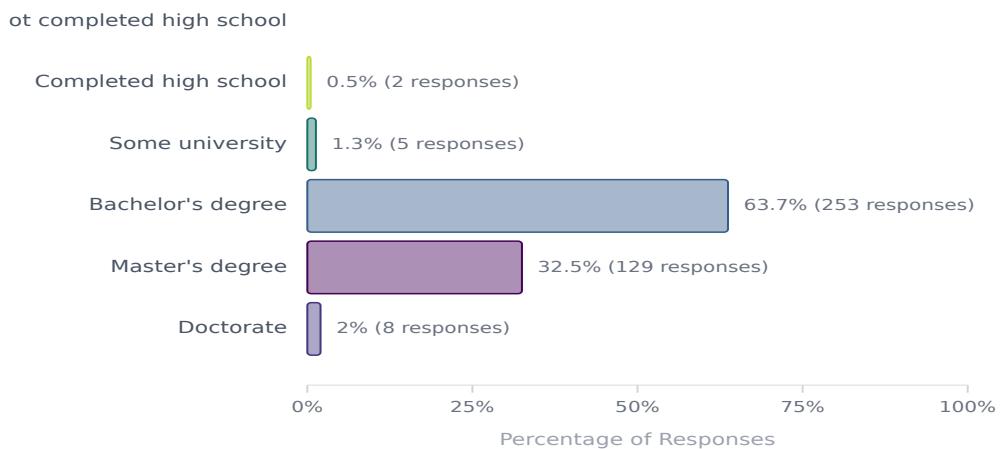


■ Male (185, 46.5%) ■ Female (209, 52.5%) ■ Other (0, 0.0%)

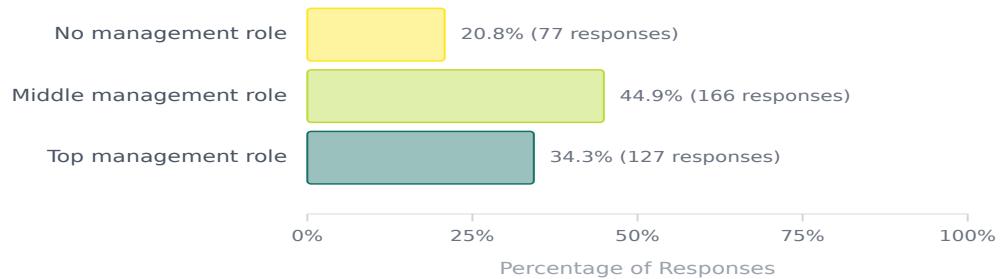
Age Distribution of Respondents



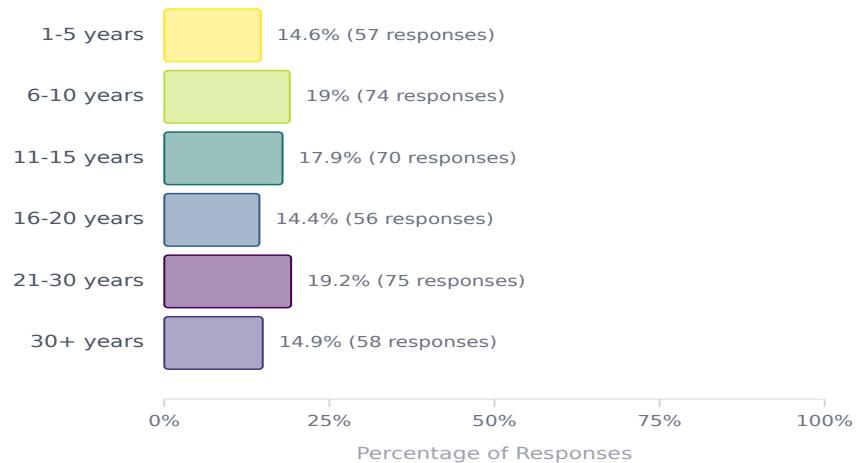
Education Level of Respondents



Workplace Position of Respondents



Years of Experience as Journalist



For more detailed information about the methodology and complete findings, please visit the full country page at: <https://safetyofjournalists.org/index/country/venezuela>

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For more information, visit safetyofjournalists.org

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